

T5B03 (A)

What is one way to select a frequency on which to operate?

- A. Use the keypad or VFO knob to enter the correct frequency**
- B. Turn on the CTCSS encoder
- C. Adjust the power supply ripple frequency
- D. All of these answers are correct

T5B04 (D)

What is the purpose of the squelch control on a transceiver?

- A. It is used to set the highest level of volume desired
- B. It is used to set the transmitter power level
- C. It is used to adjust the antenna polarization
- D. It is used to quiet noise when no signal is being received**

T5B05 (B)

What is a way to enable quick access to a favorite frequency on your transceiver?

- A. Enable the CTCSS tones
- B. Store the frequency in a memory channel**
- C. Disable the CTCSS tones
- D. Use the scan mode to select the desired frequency

T5B06 (C)

What might you do to improve the situation if the station you are listening to is hard to copy because of ignition noise interference?

- A. Increase your transmitter power
- B. Decrease the squelch setting
- C. Turn on the noise blanker**
- D. Use the RIT control

T5B07 (A)

What is the purpose of the buttons labeled "up" and "down" on many microphones?

- A. To allow easy frequency or memory selection**
- B. To raise or lower the internal antenna
- C. To set the battery charge rate
- D. To upload or download messages

T5B08 (C)

What is the purpose of the "shift" control found on many VHF/UHF transceivers?

- A. Adjust transmitter power level
- B. Change bands
- C. Adjust the offset between transmit and receive frequency**
- D. Change modes